1.	,	formed of and RNA ns only	B) D)	RNA and proteins DNA and proteins
2.	Fluid mosaic A) Rober C) Garni		as propo B) D)	osed by: Schleiden Nicolson
3.	A) CytopB) MicroC) Micro	is made up of clasm and mitochondria otubules and microfilam otubules and Endoplasm ar pore and microtubule	ents nic retic	ulum(ER)
4.	Chiasma form A) Pachy C) Lepto		B) D)	Diplotene Zygotene
5.	Dictyosomes A) Secret C) Autol		B) D)	Assimilation Oxidation
6.	The term chro A) Benda C) Waldo		y B) D)	Hofmeister Strasburger
7.	A) Uraci	from RNA in having l but no Thymine ine but no Uracil	B) D)	Thymine but no Cytocene Cytocine but no Guanine
8.	A) Restri	e specificity of bases du ction endonuclease emplate strand	ring DN B) D)	NA replication is determined by DNA Polymerase I DNA Polymerase III
9.	A) Lysoz	nembrane lipids are syn comes apparatus	thesized B) D)	d in Endoplasmic Reticulum Mitochondria
10.	Which one of A) Collag C) Elasti	gen	t in a Pr B) D)	okaryotic chromosome Phycobilin Histone
11.	A) LightB) ElectrC) Confe	me cut tissue sections for microscopic observatio on microscopic observa- ocal microscopic observ ing microscopic observ	ons ations vations	

- 12. The term cytosol refers to
 - A) Membraneous cell organelles in the dissolved form
 - B) Semifluid substance in which cytoplasmic organelles are suspended
 - C) Nuclear and the cytoplasmic cell fractions together in dissolved form
 - D) Nucleic acid and other nuclear cell fractions together
- 13. The segment of DNA molecule that determines the amino acid sequence of protein is
 - A) Operator Gene B) Regulator Gene
 - C) Structural Gene D) Modifier Gene
- 14. Which one of the following is the largest chromosome?
 - A) Polytene chromosome B) X-chromosome
 - C) Supernumerary chromosome D) Lampbrush chromosome
- 15. During G2 phase of cell division
 - A) Cell synthesizes proteins and grows in size
 - B) DNA synthesis ceases and prepares for division
 - C) Cell divides into two daughter cells
 - D) Each chromosome carries a duplicate set of genes
- 16. Which one of the following is tightly bound to cell membrane?
 - A) Ribonuclease B) cAMP
 - C) Adenylate cyclase D) ATP

17. Who discovered microtubules?

- A) Robert Hooke and Schwann B) De Robertis and Franchi
- C) Boveri and ban Beneden D) Danielli and Davson
- 18. ELISA stands for
 - A) Electron-Linked Immuno Secretory Assay
 - B) Enzyme-Linked Immnosorbant Assay
 - C) Epitope-Linked Immunosorbant Assay
 - D) Enzyme Like Immunofluorescence Assay
- 19. Plasmids are
 - A) Viral material
 - B) Extrachromosomal genetic element of bacteria
 - C) A new microorganism
 - D) Chromosomal genetic material of bacteria
- 20. Waksman got Nobel Prize for the discovery of
 - A) Chloromycetin B) Streptomycin
 - C) Neomycin D) Penicillin
- 21. Which one of the following are Archaebacteria?
 - A) Actinomycetes B) Pseudomonas
 - C) Rickettsiae D) Methanogens

22.		centrifugation technique was d		•		
	A)	F. Sanger	B)	H. Khorana		
	C)	M. Kunitz	D)	T. Swedberg		
23.	Substance movement across cell membrane from lower to higher concentration utilizing energy is designated as					
	A)	Osmosis	B)	Facilitated transport		
	C)	Piniocytosis	D)	Active transport		
24.	Polyn	nerase Chain reaction (PCR) T	Cechniqu	ue was developed by		
	A)	Watson and Crick	B)	Kary Mullis		
	C)	Rosalyn Yalow	D)	Van Benden		
25.	Perox	isomes are bounded by				
	A)	Triple membrane	B)	Double membrane		
	C)	Single membrane	D)	No membrane		
26.	Cell o	rganelle that stores fat are kno	own as			
	A)	Aleuroplasts	B)	Elaioplasts		
	C)	Amyloplasts	D)	Leucoplasts		
27.	SDM	is acronym for				
	A) Selected density measurement					
	B)	Site-directed mutagenesis				
	C)	Semi-directed mutagenesis				
	D)	Sensitive diameter measurer	nent			
28.	Barr b	oodies are				
	A)	Euchromatin	B)	Constitutive heterochromatin		
	C)	Heterochromatin	D)	Facultative heterochromatin		
29.	Chron	nosome get stained with				
	A)	Safranin	B)	Eosine		
	C)	Acetocarmine	D)	Borax carmine		
30.	A nuc	leotide is				
	A)	Sugar + Phosphate	B)	Base + Sugar + Water		
	C)	Base + Sugar + Phosphate	D)	$(Base + Sugar + Phosphate)_n$		
31.	Whicl	n of the following enzymes ha	s isoenz	zymes?		
	A)	Hexokinase	B)	Citrate synthetase		
	C)	Lactic dehydrogenase	D)	Aldolase		
32.	Bile J	uice helps in the digestion and	l absorp	tion of fat as it contains		
	A)	Lipase enzyme	B)	Cholesterol		
	C)	Bile pigments	D)	Bile salts		

- Which one of the following is metabolized in the cell for liberating energy? 33.
 - Nucleotides Fatty acids A) B)
 - C) Vitamins D) Cholesterol

34. Light receptor pigment is

- A) Haemoglobin
 - C) Melanin Haemocyanin D)

35. Vitamin E is known to be

- A) Anti-inflammatory
- An anti-oxidant B)

Rhodopsin

C) An important Co-enzyme D) Anti-hypertensive

36. Decreased levels of Estrogens and Progesterone causes

- Growth and dilation of myometrium A)
- Release of ovum from the ovary B)
- Constriction of uterine blood vessels and sloughing of endometrium C)

B)

D)

B)

B)

Growth of endometrium D)

37. Characteristic protein of vertebrate horny parts as feather, hair and nail is

- Cartilage Cuticle A) B)
- Keratin C) D) Spicule

38. Study of skin is referred to as

- A) Chirology
- C) Epidemiology

39. Tendon is structure that connects

- A muscle with a bone A)
- A bone with another bone Skin with underlying parts C) D)

40. Mammalian Cervical Vertebrae are

- A) Seven in number
- C) Nine in number D)

41. Vitamin K is involved in

- Blood clotting A)
- Phosphorus and Calcium metabolism B)
- C) Respiration
- Protein metabolism D)

42. Islets of Langerhans houses

- Insulin secreting glands A)
- B) Thyroxin secreting glands
- Juvenile hormone secreting glands C)
- Progesterone secreting glands D)

B)

Ecology

Dermatology

A nerve fibre with muscle

- Ten in number
- Twelve in number

43.	*	B) D)	Thyroid Liver
44.	·	any un B) D)	its of Glycerol Simple sugar
45.	 Obstructive jaundice is caused by A) Non-removal of bile from the B) Defective pancreas C) Gall stone D) Defective liver function 	blood	
46.		red by B) D)	Melvin Calvin Meyrhoff
47.	*	B) D)	Medulla oblongata Cerebrum
48.	· ·	B) D)	Help blood clotting Destroy bacteria
49.	*	in abso B) D)	orption of Lactic acid Fatty acids and glycerol
50.		bove no B) D)	ormal level is denoted as Hyperglycemia Hypoglycemia
51.		B) D)	Antigen A on RBC No antigen in Plasma
52.	,	B) D)	Lower Vertebrates Rat
53.		iste is B) D)	Ammonia Uric acid
54.	C) Solenocytes	B) D) 5	Nephridia Green glands

55.	 Semicircular canals of internal ear is involved in A) Balancing the sound in hearing B) Transmitting sound vibrations to auditory nerves C) Maintaining body balance while the body is imbalanced D) Sensing atmospheric pressure change 			
56.	, I V	B) D)	Posterior pituitary lobe Hypothalamus	
57.	, I	B) D)	Fertilization Gametogenesis	
58.		in B) D)	Cat Mouse	
59.	•	B) D)	James Watson Robert Hook	
60.	 E.C.G. Records A) Potential difference during wo B) Rate of heart beat C) Blood volume pumped by hea D) Heart diseases 	-	g of heart	
61.		is B) D)	50 to 160 mg per 100 ml 100-150 mg per 100 ml	
62.	· · · ·	n ope B) D)	n circulatory system? Prawn Cockroach	
63.		B) D)	Moths Bugs	
64.	·	B) D)	Virus Protozoan	
65.	,	B) D)	T-lymphocytes Granulocytes	

- 66. Neurosecretory cells are derived from
 - A) Endoderm
 - C) Mesoderm

Ectoderm

None of the above

- 67. Amnion is
 - A) Vascularized foetal membrane
 - B) Endodermal origin
 - C) Somatopleure in origin
 - D) Extra-embryonic endoderm
- 68. Egg penetration by Spermatozoan is facilitated by the enzyme
 - A) Alkaline phosphatase B) Hyaluronidase
 - C) Aconitase D) Acetyl cholinesterase
- 69. Neoteny is the developmental state
 - A) Where muscle tonicity in the developing organism is increased
 - B) Where the developing organism metamorphoses into normal adult
 - C) Where the organism becomes sexually mature but retains larval features

B)

D)

- D) Where the organism remains as a larval form throughout
- 70. Khapra beetle, *Trogoderma grenarium* is a major pest of
 - A) Wheat plants and stored wheat
 - B) Rice and stored rice grains
 - C) Pea plants and stored green peas
 - D) Citrus plants and citrus fruits

71. Silk proteins of silk worm, *Bombyx mori* are

- A) Fibroin and Gelatin
 - elatin B) Sericin and Fibroin
- C) Sericin and Resilin D) Sericin and Keratin
- 72. Tse-tse fly, *Glossina* transmits the infective stages of
 - Plasmodium falciparum B) Wuchereria bancrofti
 - C) Leishmania donovani D) Trypanosoma gambienze

73. Labeo and Catla are

A)

- A) Marine fishes B) Freshwater fishes
- C) Brackish water fishes D) Amphibios fishes
- 74. In honey bee, the primary mode of communication is
 - A) By sound B) By dancing
 - C) By locomotion D) By smell

75. Konrad Lorenz is known for the principle of

- A) Instinct B) Insight
- C) Imprinting D) Trial and error

76.	Pesticide concentration required to A) LD ₅₀	B)	LC_{50}
	$C) \qquad LB_{50}$	D)	LE 50
77.	Pheromones are:		
	A) Fumigants	B)	Repellants
	C) Sex attractants	D)	Herbicides
78.	Fish used in biological control of r	-	
	A) GambusiaC) Hilsa ilisha	B)	Gold fish
	C) Hilsa ilisha	D)	Ophiocephalus
79.	Lac insect secretes lac through its		
	A) Sinus glands	B)	Skin glands
	C) Salivary glands	D)	Accessory glands
80.	Bombycol is		
00.	A) An insect hormone	B)	A Crustacean enzyme
	C) A Rodent poison	D)	An Insect pheromone
	r i	,	I
81.	Spider belongs to the Class		
	A) Insecta	B)	Onychophora
	C) Myriyapoda	D)	Arachnida
82.	Chondrichthyes are		
	A) Cartilaginous fishes	B)	Bony fishes
	C) Cat fishes	D)	Flat fishes
83.	Sort out the Deepest diver bird		
05.	A) Kormorant	B)	Penguin
	C) Aptenodytes	D)	Corvus
84.	Scientific name of domestic cat is	-	
	A) Canis familiaris	B)	Eqquscabalus
	C) Felix domesticus	D)	Bos indicus
85.	Peritrophic membrane is associate	d with	
	A) Periplaneta	B)	Nereis
	C) Brain covering	D)	Vertebrate ear
86.	Human Calaur blindnass gange or	alaastad	in
80.	Human Colour blindness genes areA) Both the chromosomes		. 111
	B) Y-chromosome only		
	C) X-chromosome only		
	D) Either X-chromosome or Y	-chromo	osome
07	0	, 11	
87.	One gene one enzyme theory was		=
	A) Beadle and MorganC) Beadle and Tatum	B) D)	Watson and Crick Robert and Phillips

C) Beadle and Tatum D) Robert and Phillips

- 88. The largest protozoan is
 - A) Actinonyx B) Pelomyxa
 - C) Echinococcus D) Gordius
- 89. Eugenics refers to
 - A) Application of laws of Genetics for improving human race
 - B) Selection of undesired characters to eliminate the desired human characters
 - C) Inheritance of beneficial characters in organisms
 - D) None of the above

90. Condition of sex chromosome in a male child with Down's syndrome will be

- A)XXYB)XOC)XYD)XX
- 91. Silver fish is
 - A) Ophiocephalus B) Lepisma
 - C) Astacus D) Carassius
- 92. Marine National Park is in:
 - A) The State of Goa at Panaji
 - B) The State of Kerala at Cochin
 - C) The Andaman and Nicobar islands
 - D) The Laccadive islands
- 93. Eutrophication means
 - A) Low production in a terrestrial ecosystem
 - B) High production in an aquatic ecosystem
 - C) Steady production in a terrestrial eco system
 - D) Less production in aquatic ecosystem
- 94. Sex of a child is determined by
 - A) The size of the sperm during fertilization
 - B) Male chromosome
 - C) Female chromosome
 - D) Size of the egg
- 95. When heterozygous tall plant Tt crossed with a dwarf plant tt assuming complete dominance, the offspring will be
 - A) All tall
 - B) All dwarf
 - C) None of these
 - D) Some tall and some dwarf
- 96. Identical twins are produced when
 - A) One sperm fertilizes 2 eggs
 - B) One egg is fertilized by 2 sperms
 - C) One fertilized egg divided into two blastomeres and separate
 - D) Both the eggs are fertilized and separated

97. Prokaryotic genes houses

- A) DNA and histones
- B) Only DNA and no histones
- C) Neither DNA nor histones D) Or

(stones D) Only histones and no DNA

98. A man carrying a sex-linked gene on the Y-chromosome transmits this to

- A) All his sonsC) Half of his daugh
- B) All his daughters
- Half of his daughters D) Half of his sons

99. Unborn Mammalian sex can be predicted by

- A) Placental biopsy
- B) Amniocentesis
- C) Examining chorion D) Testing mother's blood

100. Genetic code was deciphered by

- A) Beadle and Tatum B) Watson and Crick
- C) Nirenberg D) Gregor Mendel

101. Genome refers to

- A) All Set of genes expressed in a cell
- B) Total gene number in a diploid set of chromosomes
- C) Total number of genes present in any one chromosome
- D) Total number of genes in a haploid set of chromosome

102. DNA polymerase enzyme was discovered by

- A) Arthur Kornberg B) Frederick Griffith
- C) Harigovind Khorana D) Mc Clung

103. The word Ecosystem was coined by

A)	Salim Ali	B)	A.G.Tansely

C) A. I Oparin D) H.C. Urey

104. Biological equilibrium refers to equilibrium among

- A) The Producers and Decomposers
- B) The Primary Consumers
- C) The Decomposers and Producers
- D) The Producers, Consumers and Decomposers

105. Species that occur in different geographical regions separated by special barrier are

- A) Autogenic
- B) Sympatric
- C) Allogenic
- D) Allopatric

106. Recapitulation theory was proposed by

- A) Ernst Haeckel
- B) Hugo de Vries
- C) Herbert Spencer
- D) Jean Baptiste de Lamarck

- 107. Point mutation refers to
 - A) Alteration in morphological features resulting from organisms within
 - B) Inheritance of acquired characters in any organism
 - C) Alteration in chemistry of DNA eliciting phenotypic effect
 - D) A variation appearing in an organism during a prolonged period
- 108. The correct chronological sequence of geological times is
 - A) Devonian, Carboniferous, Cretaceous, Eocene
 - B) Carboniferous, Devonian, Cretaceous, Eocene
 - C) Eocene, Cretaceous, Devonian, Carboniferous
 - D) Cretaceous, Devonian, Eocene, Carboniferous
- 109. B.O.D. is a measure of Polluting organic matter in
 - A) Soil
 - B) Air
 - C) Water
 - D) Mud at the bottom of pond
- 110. Keystone species in an ecosystem refers to
 - A) Those which are found in maximum numbers
 - B) Those that attain the maximum size
 - C) Those contributing to ecosystem properties
 - D) Those at the verge of extinction

111. Nidification is the behaviour pattern of

- A) Territory building
- B) Nest building
- C) Food finding
- D) Mate finding

112. Chronobiology is the term referring to

- A) Biologists listed in chronological sequence
- B) Periodicity occurring in living organisms
- C) Animal transformation rate at definite time scale
- D) Life table of living organisms

113. The abbreviation IPCC denotes

- A) International Panel on Climate Change
- B) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- C) Indian Panel on Climate Change
- D) Interdisciplinary Panel on Climate Change

114. Which one of the following is a species?

- A) Pisces B) Herbivore
- C) Familiaris D) Dipnoi

115. Maximum solar energy is trapped by

- A) Primary consumers B) Producers
- C) Secondary consumers D) Decomposers

116.	Direc A) C)	t ancestral human race is Peking man Cro-magnon man	B) D)	Java man Neanderthal man
117.	Lotka	Volterra Hypothesis is a mode	el that e	explains
	A)	Host – parasite interaction		1
	C)	Pest – plant interaction	,	• •
118.	'Cam	brian Explosion' refers to		
	A)	Origin of Life	B)	Origin of Man
	C)	Origin of Phyla	D)	Extinction of Dinosaurs
119.	A spe called		y reduc	ed and is at the verge of extinction is
	A)	Vulnerable	B)	Endangered
	C)	Threatened	D)	Rare
120.	Indiar	n Rhinoceros is being protected	l in	
	A)	Ranthambore National Park		Gir National Park
	Ć	Bandipur National Park	Ń	Kaziranga National Park

- C) Bandipur National Park D) Kaziranga National Park
 -